**1) Which of the three set operators has a form which outputs a multi-set?**

-UNION ALL.

**2) For which of the three set operators does order of input queries matter?**

-The EXCEPT operator.

**3) What is the precedence of set operators?**

-INTERSECT precedes both UNION and EXCEPT. UNION and EXCEPT are evaluated in order of appearance.

**4) Give an example (not from the textbook) of a situation where you would want to use set operators in an SQL query?**

-An example of when you would want to use set operators in an SQL query is when you would want to merge every aspect of a key data group into one results table. The records may be found on many different tables, so we need to use set operators to merge the data into one table or to find common elements.